NEWS.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY

Vol. XXVII.

RIO DE JANEIRO, MARCH 19th, 1901.

NUMBER 12

A/ILSON, SONS & Co. (LIMITED.)

2, RUA DE S. PEDRO, 2 RIO DE JANEIRO

STEAMSHIP AGENTS AND PROPRIETORS OF COAL DEPOTS AT

Las Palmas St. Vincent, C. V. Pernambuco Bahia Rio de Janeiro Rosario

Santos
S. Paulo
Montevideo
La Plata
Buenos Aires

Also Branch Establishments at

CARDIFF AND BARRY .

ACENTS OF THE

Pacific Steam Navigation Company, Shaw Sacill & Albion Co. Ltd. The New Zealand Shipping Company, etc.

Cont. - Large stocks kept of only the very best escriptions of South Wales Steam Coal.

secriptions of south Water Steam Coar-Tog Houths—At all the potenty for service. Cargo Lighters.—Always ready for service. Bailtont—Cath es supplied to ships. Wards hopes—Having large workshops at Rio de many content plant, are in a position to undertake pulse of all descriptions to ships. Catherina of the March Steam of the Catherina of all descriptions to ships.

WILSON SONS & Co., Limited,

Are the sole Proprietors of the Above Depots and Branches.

Head Office: 7 Braper's Gardens, London, E. C.

WILLIAM SMITH.

ENGLISH SHOEMAKER,

No. 6, Rua de S. Fearo RIO DE JANEIRO

K ING, FERREIRA & CO.

importers and Agents for Manufacturers.

11, Rua 1º de Março, RIO DE JANEIRO,

II, Rua da Quitanda, SAO PAULO.

Further Agencies, suitable to their lines of busi-tess-Hardware, Domestic goods, Specialities, etc. etc.-are respectfully solicited.

J. G. V. MENDES

CONTRACTOR TO H. B. M.'S SHIPS ETC., ETC Provision Merchant,

shipping Grocer and General dealer.

6 - traça 15 de Novembro - 6 (formerly No. 1)

LATE PALACE SQUARE

RIO DE JANEIRO

Collegio Americano Fluminense.

Persons desiring to matriculate their children wik please communicate with the Directress, Miss LAYONA GLENN,

No. 118, Praia de Bolafogo, Botafogo

Rosalina, the ex-xiphoid twin.

The eminent Professor Chapet, on board of the

Allantique at Dakar, wrote the following to his friend Olanthan Campello:
*Rosalina was only on the first day sea-sick; when she became giddy. I made her lie down and gave uper tineture of Nectandra Amata, which produced a most amprising result. Shortly afterwards, the gird seld, at think I feel better now, and then the gid-

liness has already gone.»

A few hours after the first dose she got up and rom that time on has been free from the disease.

BALDWIN LOCOMOTIVE WORKS,

PHILADELPHIA, PENN.

Established, 1831.

BURNHAM, WILLIAMS & Co., Proprietors.

These locomotive engines are adapted to evaluately to standard gauges and templates. class perfectly interchangeable.

Passenger and Freight Locomotives, Mine Locomotives, Narrow Gauge Locomotives, Neum, Street Cars, etc., etc.

Electric Lecomotives and Plant for Electric Railways by the Baldwin Newtonphouse Combination.

All work thoroughly gueranteed.
Illustrated catalogue furnished on application of customers.

Sole Agents in Brazil:

Norton, Megaw & Co. L'â.

No. 58. RUA PRIMEIRO DE MARÇO, Rio de Janeiro.

The Harlan and Hollingsworth Co.

Wilmington, Delaware, U. S. A.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Every description of Passenger and Freight Equipment for Broad and Narrow Gauge Railways. Special attention given to the construction of Carriages and Wagons for shipment to Foreign Railways.

zole Agents in Brazil:

Norton, Megaw & Co., L'd.

THE WESTINGHOUSE BRAKE COMPANY.

FITTSBUKG, FA., U. S. A

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

Westinghouse Automatic Brake

The Westinghouse Automatic Brake is now in use on 15,000 locomolives and over sca,000 freight cars, besides in general use on passenger cars. The Westinghouse Air Brake Co, is prepared to fill orders for one to one thousand sets of Air Brakes for Freight Cars at one hour s notice. For further information apply to their Sole representatives in brazil:

Norton Megaw & Co. L'd.

58, Frimeiro de Março,

kio de Janeiro

CHARLES HUE

Commission Merchant and Snip Agent

Rus Fresca No. 7.

P. O. Box 392.

RIO DE JANEIRO

Water supplied on shell notice.

Rubber hand stamps

Metal-Bodied Rubber Type
and patent "Air CUSHION" STAMPL S. T. LONGSTRETH, Office and works : 16, Travessa do Ouvid

nat floor.

N.B. — Special attention given to large stamps (trade-marks) and large type for marking coffee bags. (E)

Business Signs Engraved

REUTER'S - FINANZ - CHRONIK.

Subscription, sot, per annum.

A COMPANHIA DE FIAÇÃO E TECIDOS SÃO FELIX,

RIO DE JANEIRO.

Sole Agents :

Norton, Megaw & Co., L'd.

58, Rua 1º de Março.

RIO DE JANEIRO.

OHN L. BISSET

128, Rua da Quitanda,

and General Commission Merchant

Sole agent in Rio of

The N. K. Fairbank Co., New York, Manufacturers of Cottolene

P. O. Box No. 801.

`RASHLEY & Co.

Newsdealers and Booksellers

Subscriptions received for all the leading English and American newspapers and periodicals.

Agents for A large assortment of English novels, American and Tauchnitz Editions, constantly on hand. Views of Rio and neighbourhood,

Orders received for Scientific and other books Old Brazilian atamps bought. Collections of stamps purchased. Sole agents for Rio de Janeiro of Cerebos Sait

Agents for Longstreth's Rubber Stamps es and Pear's Soap.

Vendors of the GENUINE world renow Crab Apple Blossoms & Lavender Salts OF THE CROWN PERFUMERY Co., LONDON, No. 36, Rua do Onvidor.

AMERICAN.

Bank Note Company,

Bank Note Company,
78 to 86 TRINITY PLACE,
NEW YORK.
Business Founded 1796.

Incomparing the State of New York, 1884.
Beorganized 1879.

ENGRAVERS AND PENYIRES OF
BONDS, POSTACE & REVENUE STAMPS,
LECAL TENOER AND NATIONAL BANK
NOTES OF THE UNITED STATES; and TOFOREIGN TO NATIONAL BANK
NOTES, SHARE CERTIFICATES, BONDS
BOR GOVERNMENTS AND CRIPTIST,
STAMPS, GENERAL STAMPS,
LECAL STAMPS, SHARE CERTIFICATES, BONDS
BOR GOVERNMENTS AND CORPORATIONS.
BY TAMPS, GENERAL STAMPS, COUNTED TO THE STAMPS,
STAMPS, GENERAL STAMPS, COUNTED TO THE STAMPS,
SPECIAL SAFECTADES TO PREVENT COUNTED TO
SAFETY COUNTED TO SAFETY PAPERS.
Wester Descriptions.

Special papers manufactured exclusively for use of the Company.

SAFETY COLORS. SAFETY PAPERS.

Work Exceeted in Fireproof Buildings.

LITHOGRAPHING AND TYPE PRINTING.

RALLWAY TICKETS OF IMPEDIATE STILES.

Show Cards, Lubels, Calendars.

JAMES MACOMOUGH, Chairman.

AUGUSTUS D. SHEPARO, President.

THEO. H. FREELAND, 1st Vice-Pres. & Treas.

WARREN L. GREEN, 2nd Vice-Pres.

JOHN E. CURRIER, Secretary.

J. K. MYERS, Ass't Treas.

F. R. MYERS, Ass't Sec'f.

VA. WENCESLAU

GUIMARÃES & Co.

WINE MERCHANTS.

Porto, Donro and Lisbon wines of the best qualities in bottles, or in casks, and under the private marks of the house

Sole Agents for

PLANDY BROTHERS & CO., Exporter of Madeira Wines

G. Paritas A. Co.

Bordenix.
Exporter of Bordenix Wines
E. Raws Marcia & Co.
Exporter of Cognac

Dealers in Burgundy, Rhine and Mosel wines, Sherries, Champage e Cognacs and Liqueurs of the best brands.

Rua General Camara, 17.

AMES MITCHELL & Co.

Mechanical, Hydraulic, & Electricals Engineen Importers of North American Machineryr and Man factures.

SOLE REPRESENTATIVES IN BRAZIL

The General Electric Co Pelton Water Wheel Co. McIntosh Seymour & Co Worthington Pumping Engine Co. Peckham Truck Co. Magnolia Metal Co.

Babcock & Wilcox Co. Ld. Boilers, etc. RIO DE JANEIRO:

Rua do Duvidor, 55 and 57, Caixa 954

SÃO PAULO: .

Rua Direita, 7,

THE BRAZILIAN COAL COM-PANY, LIMITED.

Representatives of CORY BROTHERS & C., Ld.

Caixa Q.

of Cardiff and London Coiliery Proprietors.

Coal Depots in all the principal ports of the world, A constant and fresh supply of Cory's Merthyr Steam Coal always in Stock. Prompt delivery at reasonable prices, Tugboats always ready for service.

Engineering Works. Repairato Ships, Launches, Machinery, Lighters, etc effected with the utmost possible dispatch.

OFFICES: Edificio da Bolsa, Salas 26 and 27

Entrance: Rua Gen. Camara. Depot: ILHA DOS FERREIROS

F.O Box 774

Insuviace.

PHŒNIX FIRE OFFICE.

Established 1782

Authorized by Imperial Decree No. 8,057 of March 24th, 1881.

Insures against risk of fire, houses, goods and merhandise, and offers the best of guarantees with the most favorable conditions.

C. J. Cazaly, Agent.

2, Rua General Camara-ist floor.

ONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO.

Reserve fund.....

Edward Ashworth & Co.

No. 50, Rua 10 de Março, Rio de Janeiro No. 21 A, Rua da Quitanda, São Paulo.

BRITISH & FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY L'D.

Agent: P. E. Swanwick.

7, Rua 1º de Março—auil floor.

UARDIAN FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LIMITED.

Agents in Rio de Ameiro :

Youle & Co.

No. 38, Rua 1º ile Março.

NORTH BRITISH AND MER CANTILE INSURANCE Co. Ld.

Total funds on 3181 Dec. 1899 ... £ 14,409,089 Authorized Capital..... " 3.0 Subscribed Capital..... ,. 2,750,000

Agents for Rio de Janeiro:

Pullen, Schmidt & Co.

107, Rua da Quitanda,

Official Directors

U. S. LEGATION. - Petropolis, CHARLES PAGE BRYAN, Minister.

BRITISH LEGATION.—No. 1, Rua Viscoude de 11a-boralty (opposite Custom House). Petra poli-SIR HENRY NEVILL, DERING, Minister

AMERICAN, CONSULATE GENERAL .- No. 1.º de Março, EUGENE SEEGER, Consul C

BRITISH CONSULATE GENERAL,—No. I. Rus Visconde de Itaborahy (opposite Custom House) C. B. RHIND, Acting Consul General

Church Directory

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.—Service is held every Sinday morning al 110 clock. There is a Celebration of the Holy Communion on the first and third Sindays in the month at 114.11, and on the second and fourth Sindays in a. m., also on shifter Days according to annonnements. Baplisms and marriages at times to be arranged with the Chiptain, for whom communications may be sent to Crashely & Co., & Ran 10 Olividor.

JOHN D'ARCY, T. C. D.,

IGRHJA EVANG FLICA FLI MINENS — Hua Largo de S. Joannin, No. 17a — Dicha ser Ice un Fortu-guese on Sanadays. Prayer meeting al 10 a nn. Worship at n a.m. Biblioti class to study lho Holy Scipthues, at 5 afternoon. Coopel praceining at 65 p.m. on Wolnesslays. Biblical study and preach-ing at 7 p.m.

IOAO M. G. DOS SANTOS, Pa

British Chanlain

MRTHODIST PEPISCOPAL CHEFFCH—Large do Callele. Euglish Faython were Sabbillt at 11 norm. Sunday School at 10 a.m. Hully Communion first Sabbath at 10 acom. Hully Communion first Sabbath at 10 a.m. Worship at 11 a.m. Pracelling at 7-15 p.m. Wednesdays Song-Sevice at 7 p.m. Prayer—norm of melline study at 2-0 p.m. Messages for the content of the Milles Saby at 2-0 p.m. Messages for the content of the Milles Saby at 2-0 p.m. Messages for the Content of the Milles Saby at 2-0 p.m. Messages for the Content of the Milles Saby at 2-0 p.m. Messages for the Content of the Milles Saby at 2-0 p.m. Messages for the Content of the Milles Saby at 2-0 p.m. Messages for the Content of the Milles Saby at 2-0 p.m. Messages for the Content of the Milles Saby at 2-0 p.m. Milles Saby

PRESBYTERIAN CHIIRCH.—No. 15, Travessa da Barreira, Services in Portuguese every Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., and at 7 p.m. Thursdays.

ALVARO E. DOS REIS, Pastor.

Residence: On the Church premises. APTIST CHURCH.—No. 25, Bua de Sant' Anna, Services in Portuguese every Sunday at 11 a.m. amb 7 p.m., amb every Thursday at 7 p.m.

PETROPOLIS METHODIST EPISCOPAI, CHURCH — Avenida Marcela I Dendoro, No. 9, English service at 4 p. m., Sundays, Parlaguese services at 1 a. m., and 7,30 p. m. Sundays (7,50 p. m. Wednesdays, Sunday School at 10 a. f.)

EDMUND A. TILLY, Paster

Miscellancous

AMERICAN BIBLE SOCIETY'S AGENCY.-No. 20 Rua d' Ajuda.-H. C. TECKER, Agent.

BRITISH AND FORDIGN MIBLE SOCIETY'S AGENCY—Run Sete de Setembra, No. 71.—On sale the Holy Secripture in Portugueses, English, French, German, Italian, Spanish and other languages.

JOAO M. G. DOS SANTOS, Agent.

BRITISH SUBSCRIPTION LIBRARY AND READ ING ROOM. 31. Rua Congaives Dias.—Open from noon to 6 p.m.—For terms, apply to Librarian

RIO SHAMRN'S MESION.—Restand Reading Room 10, Rua Camerino (formerly Imperatix.), 3rd floor; W. J. LEWIN, Missioner, Gifts of books, magazines, papers, etc., also of telf-to-of clothing, will be gratefully received at the Mission, or at No. 27, Cam-delaria.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.— No. 39. Rua da Quitantla, and floor. Rooms open from 8.n. n. to o'clock p.m. Secretary soffice hours from noon to 1 o'clock p.m. R. A. W. Sloan Presi-dent; Myron A. Clark, General Secretary, Domingos de Oliveira, Hon, Treasurer.

RIVER PLATE ITEMS.

- A commercial treaty between Argentina and Spain is under negotiation.

It is aunonneed that President Roca will go to Montevideo to be present at the laying of the cornerstone of the new port works.

- Telegrams from the River Plate are to the effect that preenations are still necessary to prevent revolutionary prities from cros-sing into Urngary from Argentine territory.

The Argentine and Uruguoyan bealth authorities have raised their quarantines on Rio arrivals on account of bulomic pest, but are imposing 24 to 48 hours *observation* on account of yellow fever.

—Colonel Church has just given a lecture upon the progress of the two Americas at the Royal Geographical Society. Among other things he said that South America has not made such progress as North America simply because it has had great natural difficulties to oppose. North America has not had to struggle with nature but has had plain sailing in an easy country whereas South America has had to carry out Herenlean tasks in a very difficult country. He also mentioned Bahia Blanca and said that it had agreat inture. So we heard a decade ago when we were told that it was to be the second city of the republic when the first sun of the present century rose. R. A. Herald, Peb. 27.
—The amount of tax tion paid by the people

it was to be the second city of the republic when the first sun of the present century rose. R. A. Hendd, Peb. 27.

—The amount of tax tion publy the people of this country is not excessive when compared with what is paid by the peole of other countries, but the adjustment of the burden is such as to bear bearily on a part of the population. The burden imposed on activity or enterprise is very heavy. The policy seems to be to make every movement of lobor or capital put tribute to the tra-gatherer instead of assessing property according to its value without reference to its class. It is no part of the business of the government to take motice of what investment a man may make, but to find and cipitably tax property for the support of government which protects all classes of property alike.—B.A. Herald.

—The question of exportation of Argentine flour to Brazil has given our adopted countryment the opportunity of discussing protection from the opposite side of the fence to that which they usually occupied. As long as protection means taxing the foreigner, well and good, we cannot have too much of it, but when other nations begin to use it against us, then we find that their conduct is opposed to all that makes for international freedom and good fellowship, and we begin seriously to doubt the right which they may have to treat us as we treat them. For surely in no country on the face of the earth try may have to treat us as we treat them. For surely in no country on the face of the earth try may have to treat us as we treat them. For surely in no country on the face of the earth is protection so ribden to leath as it is in Argentina. Not only do we tax imports to such an extent that as a result, Buenos Aires is to-day the city parecellant of adulterated and faisfiel products, but we protect our professions so that it is move pactically impossible for a forwign professional man to follow his profession in treaties expressly forbid it we impose discriminatory taxation upon foreign capital and faireign electropy we a

rule but that of getting as near as possible to the breaking point.—Kriero, Bucnos Afres. Feb. 23.

—Acting President Quirno Costa and Governor Irigoyen have been carrying on a controversy about the suppression of the sgulan tax. Dr. Onirno Costa points out that Irigoyen is inconsistent in advocating the laying of the tax by the provincial government, see once upon a time Don Bernardo himself declared in his capacity as a magistrate that the tax was unconstitutional. Dr. Irigoyen, thus disadvantuageously placed on the defensive, makes a very good reply by explaining at length that there was no question raised on that occasion regarding the legality or illegality of the tax in the abstract. It was a side issue. No doubt it was. The controversy of their excellencies is also a side issue. We mean that not only should the tax be totally abolished, but that no counterwore should be given to any attempt made to substitute it by another tax. Already we see there is a move being made to tax stock. This is worse than the sgular tax and will, if passed into law, be far more annoying and arbitrary. What should be done is to seni at least 50 per cent. of the salaried employers of the provincial government and of the manicipalities admirt. It is not an uncommon thing to see ten or twelve men drawing salaries from camp municipalities when three or four average men could easily do all the work. The same may be said of the provincial government. It is not an uncommon thing to see ten or twelve men drawing salaries from camp municipalities when three or four average men could easily do all the work. The same may be said of the provincial government. It is not an uncommon thing to see ten or twelve men drawing salaries from camp municipalities when three or four average men could easily do all the work. The same may be said of the provincial government. It is not any over the other half to be dismissed, at least \$3,500,000 yearly could be economized on the budget of the province. As it is, taxation is inflated to Juristing point

[March 19th, 1901.]

- We regret to see that one of the cases of yellow fever which occurred on board the 'Palshaw' coming from a Brazilian port, has terminated fatally, the engineer. Diniel Sullivan, having filed on board the flating bospital. The other two case are progressing favorably and one of them is already convalescent. The vessel remains in quarantine observation for a time longer. It is comforting to note the quiet business-like way in which these matters are now conducted by the health authorities. Whits all proper precautions are adopted, there is mothing like the altim and fins created, which used to be the invariable accompaniment of an outbreak of the disease. We hope and believe that a new order of things is established and that it will give the best results. — Recive, Buenos Aires, Marcio, Buenos Aires, Marcio, There is an office for the analysis of anything offered for sale which is designed for luminal consumption. This scheme, like most which are alopted, is for the purpose of making business men pay money to help run the city government. It has been discovered by this remarkable technical department that American catsup is unif for consumption, and it has been tabooed, as well as many other preparations from the same comprison, and it has been tabooed, as well as many other preparations from the same controlly, and a fine of a lumitred dollars has been decreed on all sales of said articles. We have a specimen of one of these interdicted article, and it is not only fit for consumption, but it is an excellent article put up by one of the best known packing establishments in the l'intel States, Already speciments have been sent to London to the official office of analysis, and a disinterested report will in the time be received, and if it shall turn out that the condemnation has been baid to false grammas, as we have no doubt whatever is the case, three will be a scrious matter for this office to explain.—

RECIFE AND SAN FRANCISCO**

RECIFE AND S.IN PRANCISCO

RIGHER TO S.IN PRANCISCO

The directors of the Recife and Sur Francisco Pernambneo Railway Company. Limited, bave addressed the following circular to the proprietors:—Finder the terms of the emicession, the Brazilian government has the power of purchasing the compiny's railway for an amount in bombs producing a revenue equal to the average net revenue of the five most lucrative years of the last seven. Under the terms of the guarantee of interest, the net earnings of the gonarantee of interest mounting to Z80, 28, but of this five parameter. The company was, up to 1900, entitled to an aggregate annual guarantee of interest amounting to Z80, 28, but of this £24,283 expired in 1900, the briance of £56, ooo expiring in 1041. With the assist one of the guarantee disterest (which has, however, for the past three years been paid in finding bombs, only realiseble at a discount), the net revenue has, for the heat five out of the last seven versa, averaged about £77,877 per amount; but in future, nowing to lapse of guarantee, there must be a considerable reluction in the revenue, unless the traffic improves to a numb greater extent than the results of past years would lead us to expect. The result is that the government from 1900 is cutified to purchase our railway on terms vear by vear less favorable to the somp my. The Brazilian government during 19 to approached the hoard with a view to purchase by agreement on terms of which the following are leading heads:—(1) The government to take over and pay for in easily at the realism to the realism to the company to the company to taking over the railway as from June 20, 100, 100 in four per cent, serling honds, with ½ per cent, amonts in the market. (2) The government to take over and pay for in easil at their full value, according to the company to provide for its debenture debt, the government of the company such an amount of like four per cent, bonds as shall, at the market price, on June 30 next, be equivalent also to pay to the company well a

THE British government has refused to accept the amendment to the Hay-Pauncefote treaty imposed by the United States senate, on the ground that the senate has no power to negotiate treaties. In our opinion, the British government is fully justified in rejecting the amendment.

ABSOLUTELY FLAWLESS

A few words on the superiority of,

TROPICAL DUNIOP TYRES

"I send you by parcels post a Dunlop Tyre which has had a record experience, having been in daily use on the back wheel of my bicycle since 1896, and done fully 15.000 "tropical" miles. The front tyre ike Charley's Aunt, is still running and absolutely flawless, although fitted at the same time as the one now sent to you. I think this fact speaks volumes for the durability of your tyres.

MR. F. M. STAPLES,

Colombo, Ceylon.

In order to prevent fraud purchasers of these famous tyres should make a point of observing that the Company's trade mark is embossed on the outer cover and inner tube.

Correspondence invited with



THE DUNLOP PNEUMATIC TYRES CO., LTD., Alma Street, Coventry, England.

Banks.

ONDON AND BRAZILIAN BANK, LIMITED.

Capital	£	1,500,000
Capital paid up	11	750,000
Reserve fund	\mathbf{n}	600,000

HEAD OFFICE: LONDON.

BRANCH OFFICE IN RIO DE JANEIRO 10, Rua da Alfandega

Draws on Head Office and the following Branches and Agencies;

ania Agencies:
LISBON, OPORTO, PARA,
PERNABBUCO, BAHIA, SANTOS, SAO PAULO
CAMPINAS, RIO GRANDE DO SUL,
PELOTAS, PORTO ALECRE, MONTEVIDEO,
BUENOS AYRES, ROSARIO DE SANTA FE, AND
NEW YORK.

Also on :

Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.,

LONDON. Messrs. Mallel Fréres & Co.,

Mesars, Schroder & Co., J. H. Schroder & Co.,

Messrs. Joh. Berenberg, Gossler & Co., HAMBURG.

GENOA

Messrs, Granet Brown & Co.,

Brasilianische Bank für

Established in Hamburg on 16th December, 1887 by the Direction der Disconto Gesellschaft » in Berlin and the . Norddeutsche Bank in Ham burg. Hamburg.

Capital. . . 10,000,000 Marks.

ERANCH-OFFICE IN RIO DE JANEIRO.

tiranch-offices in São Paulo and Santo (Cauxo 520.) (Carxa 185)

Draws on :

Direction der Disconto Gesellschaft, Berlin Nordentsche Bank in Hamturg, Hamburg M. A. von Kothschild Sohne, Frankfurf a M Germany....

N. M. Reflischild & Sous, London Direction der Discouto Gesellschaft London, Manchester and Liverpool. District Banking Company Limited, London, Union Dank of Lendon, Limited, Win, Brandty Sons & Co., London.

Crédit Lyonnais, Paris and braches.
Henne & Co., Paris.
Comptor: National d' Escompte de
Paris. Paris.
Lazard Frètes & Co., Paris.
De Nouffice & Co., Paris.

Portugal Banco Lisboa & Açores and corres-

and any other countries.

Opens accounts current.
Pays interest on deposits for a certain tinte.
Executes orders for purchases and sales of stocks
hates, etc., and transacts every description of bank

Theil-Gutschow.

THE LONDON AND RIVER PLATE

LCNDON: Frinces Street, E. C.

PARIS: 16, Rue Halevy.

Rio ae Janeiro:

No. 21. Rua da Alfandeoa.

Authorised by Decree No. 591, of 17th October, 1891.

subacribed capital. £ 1,500,000 Realized do , 900,000
Reserve fund , 1,000,000

BRANCHES:

Parie, 18, rue Helevy, Percembece, Paré, Santos, S. Paelo, Beegoe Aires, Montevides, Roserie, Mendoze and Poysande.

DRAWS ON :-Lendos and County Banking Co., L'd.—LUNDON.
Banque de Paris et des Pays Bas.—PARIS,
Banco de Portugal and agencies.—PORTUGAL.
And on all the chief cities of Europe.

Parmers Loan and Trust Company.—NEW YORK.
First National Bank of Chicago.—CHICAGO.

THE BRITISH BANK OF SOUTH AMERICA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: 2 A, MOORCATE ST. London E.C.

Capital..... £ 1,000,000

Office in Rui de Janeiro;

31 A, Rua 1º de Março

Branches at:

S. FAULO, SANTOS, BAHIA, PARA, MONTHVIDEO BUENOS AIRES AND ROSARIO.

Agencies at Pernambuco, Ceará, Maranhão and Rio Grande do Sul.

Draws on its Head Office in London : The London Joint Stock Bank, Limited,

LONDON

Messrs. Heine & Co., PARIS.

Messes. J. Berenberg Gossler & Co.,

and correspondents in Germany. Messrs. Roesti & Co.,

and correspondents in ITALY.

The Bank of New York, N. B. A., NEW YORK,

Receives deposits at notice or for fixed periods and transacts every description of Banking business.

Banque française du bresil,

Established in Paris on the 23rd October 1896 by the Comptor National d'Escompte de Paris and the Société Générale pour lavariser le developpement du Com-merce et, de l'Industrie en France.

AT THERIZED BY

Decree No. 2,432 of 2nd January, 1897.

CAPITAL: Fis. to.ogg.coo (Ten million Francs.)

HEAD OFFICE :

9, RUE LAFFITTE, Paris.

Branch Office in Rio de Janeiro :

78, Rua da Quitanda

GERMANY

Branches at S Paulo and Santos.

Draws ou :

Head Office.
Comptoir Nacional d'Escompte de Paris, and agencies.
Société Générate pour favoriser le développement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France, and agencies

Direction der Disconto Gesellschaft. Dentsche Bank, Berlin, and branches Dresilner Bank, Dresden, and bran-Dresher Bank, Dresden, and of ches. Norddentsche Bank, Hamburg, Correspondents in all chief-cities.

[J. M. Fernandes Guimaráes & Co. and their correspondents. Banco Commercial de Lisboa, Lisbon.

PORTUGAL AND OPERTO Credito Italiano.

AND ANY OTHER COUNTRY.

Opens accounts current.

Pays interest for fixed periods; executes orders for purchases and sales of stocks, shares etc. and transacts every description of banking business.

Leon Housset,

Inspecteur-Cdueral.

H. KILBURN SCOTT

MINING ENGINEER

Reports on Mining Properties and Analyses

21, RUA THEOPHILO OTTONI $\label{eq:TelegraphicAddress:-MINING.} Telegraphic Address:-- MINING.$

P. O. Bex 634.

OFFICE IN RIO DE JANEIRO 9. Rua da Alfandega.

Agencies at Para, Maranhaa, Ceará, Pernambaco Bahla, Victoria, Santos, S. Panlo, Hesterro Rio Grande do Sul, Porto Alegre, Pelolas.

Messrs, N. M. Addaed.
London & County Banking Co. I.d.
Messrs, Baring Brothers & Co. I.d.
London.

Messrs, Hottinguer & Co. Norddeutsche Bauk in Hamburg. HAMBURG.

Banco de Portugal

Opens accounts current; Pays Interest on Deposits for fixed periods.

Executes orders for purchases and sales of stocks, shares, etc., and transacts every description of banking business.

CORRESPONDENCE.

FAREWELL TO BRAZIL.

.Ss. "...... Pernambuco,..... . 1901.

Editor "Rio News".

Editor "Rio News".

Dear Sir,—I am not accustomed to write to the newspapers about myself, but under the circumstances I feel that I must. In a few hours more I shall have my last view of the green slopes of Olinda, and I am thanking God every moment for the prospect!

It is a quarter of a century since I first came to this blessed country! I have worked hard, grown old and accumulated a little money in business, and now I am sacrificing almost everything in order to get away with a bare tenth of it. And I'm thankinl to get away with even that ! My health is broken, my life wasted and I must begin the struggle all over again somewhere else—but against the alternative of remaining in this bankrapt, politician-ridden country. I accept it all cheerfully. To remain in Brazil is to endure daily-increasing vexations and burdens, to lose everything I have, and to suffer interferences and amoy ances which make life a vertiable martyrdom.

I am not a politician, and I have no interest whatever in government contracts. I do not whatever the green whethere in government contracts. I do not

have, and to suffer interferences and annoysuces which make life a verticible martyrdom.

I am not a politician, and I have no interest
whatever in government contracts. I do not
care a straw whether the government is a momethy, or a republic. But my experience
goes to show that, although the contry could
not borst of giddy prosperity during the days
of the monarchy, there was a certain amount
of serious-tess mul good faith which enabled us,
husiness men to enter into commercial undertakings without fear of an official rid upon
us every year. The advent of the republichas changed all this, and maw no noe knows
what to-morrow will bring forth.

During these last ten years our taxes have
been enormously increased, and our customers
have been growing poorer and poorer every
year No one could help seeing this, if he cared
to look about him. But the politicians have
gone on bundening us with new taxes and
vexing us with new textictions antil I, for
one, can not stand it any longer. And I know
of lundreds who are of the same opinion,
and who will clear out of business and out of
the country just as soon as they can! We are
not law-breakers, and we have no wish to
avoid our duties and responsibilities, but we
prefer to pay our taxes to a government which
can be considered houses, intelligent and just,
And that's why I and others are clearing out
of Brazil.

Of course, there are many who will tell you
a different story, but there is not a foreign

can be considered honest, intelligent and just. And that's why I and others are clearing out of Brazil.

Of course, there are many who will tell you a different story, but there is not a foreign merchant in Brazil who can say that I am not telling the truth. There are contractors, however, whose interests will not permit them to speak out, and there are others dependent upon government supervision and favor who date not speak the truth. And there are others — heaven help them! — who do their growling in private and then entse The Newson for echoing their own thoughts in public. Then there are the parasites who publish newspapers, or write letters to them, and who say illattering things of the government because they are paid to do so. May the Lord forgive them for the wrongs they have committed! If I had no opinions of my own, I'd let editorials and letters alone? And if I had no maniliness, no honor and no integrity, then I'd probably sell myself to a corrupt government just as these parasites have done.

But it is all over now and I am out of it, thank God! No more haggling, begging and bribing in the custon-house for me! I prefer plantar batatas. In future my lines will be cast in pleasanter places, and no homeopathic doctor turned futancier will have an opportunity to plague me with his exactions. They can the people may submit to it if they like! My sympathies are completely worn

BANCO DA REPUBLICA
BRAZIL

Reallzed Capital. . Rs. 101.246:400\$000
N. B. This capital to be
reduced to Rs. 100.000008 in accordance with
the Government's Decree of 8th May 1897.

Reserve Fund . . Rs. 17.480:0788736
Profits in suspense . Rs. II.156:7398835
On Bist May 1900.

OFFICE IN RIO DE JANEIRO

out and I have n't a particle of interest in the
ontcome. That's the result of my quarter of
a century's residence in a country where a
for expension of service in the ontcome. That's the result of my quarter of
a century's residence in a country where a
for the official pot-hunter.

As for yourself, Mr. Editor, you have my
profound sympathy. You are wasting your
time, you'll earn to money, you'll get no
will turn their, backs on yon. No one will
emember the services you have rendered,
and no one will be grateful to you for saying
openly what they say privately. Vou'll accomplish no miracle, nor will you influence
any clauges. It's too late! With good
wishes, any cl wishes,

Vours etc.

"One who came for wool and is going away shorn".

RAILROAD NOTES

—1.ast year there were shipped on the Central Railway from Rio de Janeiro to S. Paulo 35,062,488 kilos of merchandlse paying freight to the amount of 1,419,458200, and from São Panlo to Rio de Janeiro 10,295,978 kilos of merchandise paying freight to the amount of 313,0195480.

—A telegram from Continue Transcription

313,0195480.

A telegram from Curityba, Paraná, states that the receipts of the Paranaguá to Curityba line last year amounted to 1,674,8508208, and the expenses to 853,5785023. For the extensions and branches of the same line, which belongs to a Preuch company, the receipts were 1,437,6375342, and the expenses 855,978891.

were 1,437,6375342, and the expenses 555, 9755501.

The government is calling for tenders for furnishing 70,000 tous of coal to the Central Railway. Part of the coal furnished may be Auterican, provided a sample of two tous is deposited in April. The call is dated March 12 and tenders will be received up to May 6. If the government really wishes to obtain the must favorable terms, why does it not give sufficient time for prospective bidders to make the necessary arrangements?

—At meeting of the directors of the Paulista railway on the 10th inst, it was resolved to reduce the turff rates on merchandise carned long distances. The reduction will be 25 per cent for distances greater than existing lines, and as per cent for some of the news lines. Coffee will henefit greatly by this reduction. A maximum of Soories per bag of 60 kilos on foodstuffs from any interior stution to S. Paulos a Santos. The execution of this resolution, of course, depends largely upon the concurrence of the S. Paulo railway, over whose line the produce must pass on its way to market.

S. CHRISTOVÃO TRAM LINES.

From the last report of the board of directors of the S. Christovan trainway companies extract the following dula:

Paying passengers in 1899....

 Non-paying passengers in 1900
 3,866,219

 Receipts in 1900
 2,914,165\$\$20

 Expenses in 9
 2,657,289\$308
 Among the expenses were the following Sqq. 220\$Sqq

Wages.
Salaries of members of boards of directors and anditors.
Other salaries
Repairs on trans.

" track.

" stations.

" hautes.

" hautes. 37.860\$300 89,916\$150 100,916\$262 43.339\$384 26,938\$120 24,368\$250 n " hamess...

Taxes, including annual contribution of 180,000\$ to the numerical government...

Forage

Loss by death and sale of mules The cost of the keep of unles averaged 15359 a head per diem, the cost, when the unle was in service, being 15406 and the cost of pasturage being 88 reis.

49

Purchases. 415

The value of the charter, line, rolling-stock, mules, stations and appurtenances was estimated at the end of last year at 12,319,760\$. The rolling-stock includes 143 passeuger and baggage cars and 20 other vehicles of various classes. The capital of the company is 12,000,000\$, divided into shares of 200\$ each. Recently there have been siles of shares at from 958 to 100\$. Last year the board of directors rejected an offer to purchase two-thirds the shares at 167 francs each. The amount of the embezzlement discovered in 1899 is 323,663 s602. The proceedings against the alleged criminals have not yet been concluded.

—The committee appointed to report on the debt of the state of Amazonas says that the respective accounts are deficient and confusing. The delt, as far as ascertained, amounts to 33,088,5245521,not including 150,768 francs, 34 centimes, which the committee did not reduce to Brazilian currency on account of its doubts in regard to the rate of exchangethat should be adopted.

The Rio News

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

A. J. LAMOUREUX, Editor and Proprietor

Contains a summary of news and a review of Braziliau affairs, a list of the arrivals and departures of foreign evessels, the commercial report and price current of the market, tables of stock quotations and sales, a smowary of the daily coffee reports and all other information necessary to a correct judgment on Brazilian trade.

(Cash invariably in advance)

(Cash invariably in advance)
subscription (450000 per annum for Brazil)
25000 per six months
\$10.00 or £7 abroador the equivalent in currency
All subscriptions should run with the calcular year
terminate on Jame soft and December 1181
Subscriptions and advertisements will be received by
Messrs, Frayer, Smith, White & Seaman,
Attorneys,
Messrs, Street & Co.,
20 Corabiil, London

* Frost & Co.,
181, Queen Victoria Street,
and by Messgs, A. R., Dunlop & Co., São Paulo,

and by Messes, A. R. Donlop & Co., 550 Paulo. Notices of marriages, births and deaths 25500 each SINGLE COPIES: Non réin; for sale at the office of publication, at the Huglish Book Store, No. 36 Rua do Ouvidor, and at the Casa Americana in São Paulo.

EDITORIAL AND PUBLICATION OFFICES:

79, Rua Sete de Setembro.

POSTOFFICE ADDRESS: - Caixa 258

RIO DE JANEIRO, MARCH 19th 1901.

Some months ago our London contemporary, the South American Journal, was good enough to criticise our use of the word "money" when speaking of paper currency, and concluded, very mistakenly, that we are in favor of further issues. If we now try to return the compliment, there will try to return the companient, there will surely be no cause for complaint. In the Journal's issue of February 23 the editor says in his financial article ("Capel Court Gossip"): "I notice that several of your contemporaries, who hitherto have been systematically assailing Brazil, have at last come to recognize that severe payments will be. recognize that specie payments will be-come effective at the end of the funding period, but they characterize this admission by expressing some incredulity as to Brazil being capable of maintaining gold payments." In another place the fournal speaks in the same sense of "cash payments," and this leads us to conclude that our contemporary means a resumption of cash payments on the foreign debt, and not a general resump-tion of specie payments, as the above quotation implies. As the recognized quotation implies. As the recognized organ of the Brazilian government in London, our contemporary should be careful of his language, in order to avoid making impossible engagements. There is no prospect whatever for a resumption of specie payments, just as there is no certainty of maintaining the higher exchange rates brought about by the manipulations of the German manager of the Banco da Republica and Brasilianische Bank. There must be a sound basis for operations of that character if permanent results are to be seemed; otherwise they are purely speculative in character. The accumulation of gold by the treasury at so uration of gold by the treasury at so great a cost to our commercial and industrial classes may enable the government to resume cash interest payments on the foreign debt, but nothing is more certain than that these payments will have to be again suspended at no distant day unless there is a commercial and industrial revival in the country. Interest payments can be maintained only with a large revenue, but where is that revenue to come from? The counthat reveuue to come from? The country has been exhausted with excessive taxation during the last three or four years, and without some improvement in trade and production the logical tendency will be for the revenue to decrease. We have seen this tendency become reality during the last three years, and that too in spite of increased taxation. The resumption of "specie years, and that too in spite of increased taxation. The resumption of 'specie payments' which our contemporary talks about, therefore, is not only visionary, but the maintenance of cash interest payments abroad is very un-

THE CONSUMPTION TAXES.

In 1898 consumption taxes were col lected on matches, tobacco, salt and lected on matches, tobacco, salt and beverages, producing a revenue of 14,-548,175\$. The rate of taxation was increased and, steps having been taken for additional rigor in the collection of the taxes, it was estimated by the framers of the budget that they would produce 18,500,000\$ in 1890 and 20,-500,000\$ in 1900. The result has exceeded the estimate, the receipts amounting to 21,216,280\$ in the former year and 21,816,107\$ in the latter. year and 21,816,497\$ in the latter.
Consumption taxes were collected in

1899 for the first time on canned goods and some other preserved foodstuffs, candles, vinegar, pharmaceutical specialties, perfumery, playing cards, boots and shoes. The revenue derived that year from the taxes on these classes of merchandise amounted to 3,572,4608 and was estimated in the budget that it would amount last year to 7,270,000\$, or over twice the amount collected in 1899. This expectation, however, has been disappointed, for returns received show that the sum actually collected last year was only 3,831,296\$. It is possible that definite returns may be somewhat more favorable.

Last year the collection of consumption taxes was extended to walking-sticks, hats and textile fabrics. The result was as follows:

Tax	on	walking-sticks	20,579\$	
CI	п	ltats	921,845\$	
н	1(textile fabrics	8.226,412\$	
		Total	9.168.8368	

The consumption tax on textile fabrics The consumption tax on textile fabrics has, together with other burdens on this class of merchandise, contributed to produce a large decrease in the respective trade. Last year the United Kingdom exported to Brazil only 104,-937,600 yards of cotton piece goods, valued at £1,196,298, against 132,561,-600 yards, valued at £1,256,298, against 132,561,-100 yards, valued at £1,250,838 in 1890. In cleven months of each of the two years the value of the eotton cloths exported from the United States to Brazil was as follows

1899	\$422,275
1900	\$284,047
Decrease	\$128.228

The weight of woolen fabrics exported from France to Brazil decreased from 546,950 kilos in 1899 to 243,000 in 1900. At Rio de Janeiro the receipts of foreign textile fabrics during the two years was as follows:

 pkgs	24,462		767	Sill: 197 99
				-
Decrease	6,988	544	135	98

As for the effect of the consumption As for the effect of the consumption tax on the spinning and weaving industry of Brazil, there is no doubt, we think, that it is seriously checking progress and perhaps even causing an actual decrease in production. Several factories have closed and recently the Carioca factory, one of the most important excelligible ways at Pio de Janeire. tant establishments at Rio de Janeiro was obliged to reduce wages, thereby causing a strike which led to disturb-ances and to the temporary closing of

In the receipts of cotton at Rio de In the receipts of cotton at Rio de Janeiro for the various factories that obtain their raw material at this port there had been in 1898 an increase of 27,656 bales and in 1899 an increase of 17,091 bales, but in 1900 the increase was reduced to 736 bales, the figures being as follows:

		Receipts	Increase
1897,	bales,	114,282	
1898	ж ,.,	141,938	27,656
1899	D	159,029	17,091
1900	я .,	159,765	736

It is evident, we think, that the new tax, which produced last year only about 8,000,000\$ for the national treasury, is causing immense injury to the textile trade, to the spinning and weaving industry and to cotton culture in

THE Peruvian government, being informed of the indefinite postponement of negotiations by Chili in regard to the redesuption of Taena and Arica, has closed its legation at Santago and suspended diplomatic relations with Chili. This is right, and it is the dignified thing to do. Peru is not strong enough to enforce her claims by military force, and she will therefore gain by this dignified proceeding. Chili has beliaved very badly, just as other stronger unitous have done before in dealing with the weak. Chili wants the territory in dispute, and she proposes to keep it. It was agreed that the question of ownership should be submitted to the people of those territories, but Chili will not now consent to this. Possibly, some years hence, when populous Chilian colonies are established throughout the two provinces. Chili may consent to a vote, but not muit the result is assured.

We think it will not be contested now, that very little is being done to assist the business mein of this city through their difficulties. The government promise to advance twenty five thousand contos to the Banco da Republica for discounts was all talk, and nothing else. The bank management says it is refusing to make no advances where the security is satisfactory, and yet it is doing very little—which implies that it finds the security offered very unsatisfactory. If the government were serious in its offer, and if business firms can not really offer the security demanded by the bank, then some other means should be found to help them through the crisis. Instead of this, they are harried and fined in the custom-house, and worried to the verge of madness by ather taxes, inspectious, restrictions, etc., in their daily affiris. It may be that a badly embarrassed business should be liquidated, but when we consider that this covers the great majority, it becomes a serious matter. If then the government can not keep its promise to help us, through the bruk, it certainly can do something by removing or postponling the burdens heaped upon us. WE think it will not be contested now, that

do something by ichnoring or postponing the burdens heaped upon us.

If would seem from a telegram of the 13th inst. that all efforts to adjust the dispute between Venezaela and the United States have failed and that diplomatic relations have been suspended. President Castro sending Minister Loomis his credentials. Should this prove to be tine—and we are never sure of the press news sent about the world just now—the United States will be placed in a revy difficult position. The excitement aroused some years ago when the United States interfered to force a settlement between Great British and Venezaela, will now be more than counterlabraced by the excitement over Venezuela's ingratitude. Had the United States government been better acquainted with its adopted protegés it would never lave placed itself in so difficult a position. The protegé las now become offensive and beligneent, but the United States can not easily resent it without apporting to be insinterer and aggressive. It was a mistake to assume responsibility for so turbulent a country, and we trust the mistake will never again be made. Let each coantry take its own risks, and take a timushing when necessary.

We are glad to note that the bank share-holders of Bahia are made of better stuff than their Rio brethren. At meetings there on the 15th and 16th inst. of shareholders of the Banco Commercial da Bahia they voted not to approve the report and accounts of the directors and to demand their resignation and accountability to the bank's creditors. They resolved to elect new directors and auditors, to investigate the affairs of the dismissed board and to prosecute them in case it is found that they are responsible for any illegal act, and to convoke a new meeting of shareholders within a period of three months. This is as it should be. The bank has been insunanaged and its resources dissipated; for this the directors are directly responsible, and the shareholders propose to hold them to account for it. Here, political influences supervened, and all investigation was suppressed. The banks had been terribly mismanaged just as they have been in Bahia, but the government and many politicians were involved and it was inconvenient to have an investigation. So the inquiring shareholder was sat upon in a packed meeting, and the proposals of directors and government were accepted without question. And the reliabilitated wrecks of these scuttled banks are made to float upon our troubled financial waters, and the risk is still as great as ever.

TELEGRAMS from China report a conflict between the British and Russian military authorities over concessions at Tientsin. The Russians have driven the British away from a place where they were constructing, or repairing a railway, and are holding the ground by military force. At last accounts the British commander was awaiting instructions, and a St. Petersburg dispatch states that the czar and his ministers of war and foreign affairs have resolved to maintain their position at all risks. If this is true, then Great Britain unstaback down, or fight. Another telegram states that military preparations are being made in 4 pan with feverish haste, which implies that Japan will take a hand in the fray, providing the British government does not weaken. The policy pursued by Russia since the war between China and Japan has thoroughly aroused Japan, and war must result sooner or later. Russia was instrumental in preventing Japan from acquiring territory on the continent, and then proceeded to secure a dominating port in the same territory

for herself. She has since obtained a dominating influence over Manchuria, and is now threatening Corea. Japan is well prepared for war and knows that the source the struggle comes the better will be her chances of success. But will the British government accept the challenge and risk a war? The people are not so eager for war as they were to not he outbreak of the South African conflict, and they may hesitate to join issues with a great untion. It may be that political elements will favor war, simply because they can not avoid it without unpleasant criticism, but there are as yet no indications that it would be popular. The cable is silent on this point. for herself. She has since obtained a domin-ating influence over Manchuria, and is now

OLIVER C. JAMES.

We deeply regret to announce the death at Carcarañá. Argentina, on the morning of the glut inst., of Major Oliver C. James, formerly a resident of this city and well-known to many of our other residents. Mr. James had met with a slight accident while on a visit to Cordoba, from which blood-poisoning resulted, against which the best medical advice proved fruitless.

against which the best medical advice proved fruitless.

Major James was a native of Reading, Pa. He served as a civilian officer in the United States army when a young man, and afterwards served with distinction as a volunteer officer during the civil war. He came to Brazil in the cumploy of one of the contractors for constructing the Dom Pedro (now Central) railway, and was engaged in that work for some time. He then came out, a second time, as agent for O Novo Mendo, a monthly periodical published in New York by Dr. José Carlos Rodrigues, and settled in this city as a commission merchant and agent for various American naturalcenters. During this period he was associated with others in founding Phe Rio Netes, of which he was proprietor for a time.

he was associated with others in founding The Rio Netes, of which he was proprietor for a time.

He removed to Urugusy in 1882, and thence to Carearaña, Argentina, about a year later, where he beentie interested in establishing a teamery, which afterwards became the pionece choese factory of Argentina.

He was a man of exceptional attainments, a charming conversationalist, a profound thinker, an omniverous reader, a well-informed scientist and economist. He was considered to be the best informed man in Argentian on locusts, and his knowledge of stocknisting and veterinary practice was scarcely less comprehensive. His home, here as well as in Argentina, was always a centre for naturalists and other scientific men, and no traveller seeking information ever failed to put his ready store of facts under tribute.

In his private life, he was one of the most charming of men. He was generous to a fault, witty, genid and considerate—a man whom everyone wished to know and meet again. Those who knew him most intimately will mourn his death as that of a best friend, and his memory will be treasured by them while life basts. Many old friends here in Brazil will join us in tendering heartfelt condolences to his widow and family.

COFFEE NOTES

—At a meeting of coffee merchants in S. Paulo on the 17th inst, there was chosen a committee to report on a proposal for obtaining fuller information from the coffee markets of the world and for shipping inferior grades of coffee to Rio de Janeiro for the purpose of being translipped to the Cape and to the northern parts of Brazil.

—In a recent discourse on the labor crissin in this country, Sr. José Curlos de Carvalho affirms that the coffee sold abroad as Brazilian toffee is sold as Java, Porto Rico and Bourbon. There may be some grounds for the statment, for the better grades of Brazilian coffee are undoubtedly sold under other names, but the fact reunius that an immense amount of low grade coffee is exported from Brazil, and this coffee gives the whole product a bad name. The fault less with Brazilian planters themselves, because they refused or neglected to take pains with curing their coffee.

Provincial Notes

Copious raius continue to be reported from Ceará and other dronth-stricken states of the north.

-No satisfactory trace as yet has been found of the thief who robbed the Conde do Pinhal recently at Tanbaté of 297,000\$.

uhal recently at Taubaté of 297,0008.

— Last year in the city of Pernaumbuo there were 6,206 deaths registered, of which 2,263 were caused by small-pox, 7,00-by tuberculosis and 486 by malaria.

— A telegram from Cuyabá says that the judges that were undergoing trial before the state legislature have been convicted and sentenced to lose their places.

— Two police commissaries are to be suppressed at Bahia for resons of economy. The taxpayer will be thankful for small favors, but he will surely ask for more.

— Rumors were current here at the begin-

— Rumors were current here at the beginning of last week that a revolution had broken out in the sate of Santa Catharina for the purpose of deposing the governor. Fortunately the rumors turned out to be false.

Onr São Paulo exchanges of the 12th au-nounce the death of Conde do Pinhal, a wealthy planter and capitalist of that state. He was a man of great energy and enterprise and exercised much influence in the industrial development of that state.

SHIPPING NOTES

— The new Brazilian ironclad "Floriano" is at Spezzia, Italy, where she was sent on a visit of courtesy.

—No new developments have appeared lately in regard to the sale of the Lloyd Brazilero property to a German company, but it is understood that Manager Peterson of the Banco da Republica is doing all he can in that direction.

— A Manáos telegram of the 15th inst. says that Messrs, Booth & Co, have purchased all the floating material of the Reil Cross line, for one million sterling. The steamers will be delivered to their new owners in Jane

— The Lamport & Holt steamer Coloridge arrived in Rio on the 12th inst, with the fol-lowing passengers from New York, Pernam-luce and Babin: Mr. and Mrs. William Makler, son and 3 daughters, Mess., W. J. Pfeimer, C. S. Axtell, C. L. da Rego Barros Ptermer, C. S. A. aml 7 third-class.

— The passengers who left Rio an the 17th inst. for Bahia, Pernambneo and New York, by the Lamport & Holt steamer Coleridge, were the following: Rev. and Mrs. J. W. Tarboax and 5 children, Mrs. Anna P. Pinto, Miss H. R. Shidders and 2 sisters.Mr. and Mrs. P. Pinto, Misses Rosa and Bather Shmidt. Dr. John C. Cullens, Dr. N. J. Coelho Netto Jr. Dr. A. F. de Simas, Mesers. W. S. Lowrie, J. Panpela, J. C. Alves de Lima P. Bassa, A. Barbosa dos Santos, J. Guelfreire, O. Seiffert, S. Seiffert and 48 third-class.

LOCAL NOTES

—It is stated that Mr. Frank Curpenter, the well-known newspaper currespondent, is writ-ing a book on Sauth America.

—Among the homeward-hound pissengers by the «Caleridge» in Siturday last was Mr. W. L. Lawrie, F. S. vice-consul general, who is away on a short vacation.

—Last week there was a helited conspir-acy trial. Two of the prisoners are sted over a year aga, who for some reason had not been previously brought to trial, were tried and acquitted last Saturday.

—The Braz'n tells us that Dr Olyntho Magalilaes is minister of public works. This is a very strange mistake for Martinio's organ to make. Has he devided to turn D. Alfredo Mala ant of the cabinet?

—It is stated that the police of this city are recruiting well-known vagahonds and disorderly characters. We are glad to see them go, but they will hardly confer a good name upon the service to which they are attached.

—Pevery year since Campos Salles has been president there have circulated from January to March, inclusive, reports of plots and impending revolutions. Such reports are now in circulation. It reminds one of the influence of edg days.

—The fornal do Brazil calls attention to the seconomiess effected in the patice department, where the private offices of the chief of police have been furnished and enthellished in a most extravagant manner. The wall parel, for instance, is said to have cost 405 a roll!

—A violent storm was reported at Mendoza, Argentina, on Friday and Saturday last. Some years ago we noted that at this season many of these severe storms took a northeasterly course across the continent, being reported from Tucuman, and Asuncion, and eventually reaching the coast at Rio de Janeiro.

—It is now announced that the government has decided not to send St. José Calmon Noqueira da Gama, recently Brazilian consul at Operto, to Trieste because of the religious agitation in Austria, and has called him house. It is to be presumed that the Austrian government has declined to have him located at Trieste. It is rumored that he will be sent to Iquitos.

—A Bahia telegram of the 16th inst. states that Mr. George Freilerick Colman, director of the Minas Geraes Mining Co., had died on board the Danubes and had been buried in the British cemetery of that city. Mr. Colman was the first manager of the Leopoldius railway under its present control, and is well known here and in Petropolis, where he had made many friends.

made many friends.

—Ou Saturday there was a demonstration in honor of Councillor Ambrade Figueira, to whom was presented a ricilly bound album containing an address, signed by over 1,000 persons, expressing admiration and gratitude for the civic courage with which in defending his ownrights from the encroachments of the police authorities, he has pipe further defended those of all his fellow-citizens. The persons who took part in the diamonstration were prevented by the police from using monarchist flags.

—It is reported that Vice-President Rosa e Silva intends establishing a journal in this city when he returns from Permambuco.

—The new British minister to this capital, Sir Henry Nevill Dering, Bt., will be formally presented to President Campos Salles to-day, and will present his credentials.

and will present his crelentials.

—If the states are not soon well known, it will not be because they have been negleted by the diplomatic corps. The American minister has recently visited Rio Grande do Sul, Santa Catharina and Paraná, the Austrian minister has visited Paraná, the Cortugness minister has maile an escarsion to the enpital of Minas Geraes, and the German minister, on his way to emburk for New York at Suntos, has visited São Paulo for the fifth time. It may be that such visits do not afford the best apportunities for seeing and studying a comtry, but they afford means for meeting and knowing public men which are of coarse of the greatest value.

—Last week Affonso de Mello, who was

the greatest value.

—Last week Affonso de Mello, who was shot by his futher-in-law Benedicto Carmo, had his left eye removed. In his deposition, he contradicts the deposition of Carmo in almost every particular, and affirms that, his wife wants to return to him. Unis his wife thatly denies, and says she applied for divorce not anly because he failed to support her and her children, but also hecunse he was creal to her and on one occasion tried to kill her. She also says that during their married life, Mello lived mon her father. The appearances are very much against Mello, who has apparently behaved in a very questionable manner toward his wife and her family.

PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED.

Estudio e Informe sobre et Cafe de Costa Rica Typ. Nacional, 1900. A compilation of various reports upon the comparative value and consumption of Costa Rican coffee.

Catalogo Descriptivo Sarafani & Co.: seeds-men, desters in armamental, flowering and fruit-bearing shrubs and trees, agricultural in-struments, etc., of S. Paulo. An illustrated and comprehensive catalogue,

Coffee Statistics running from 1887 to 1925; compiled by J. H. F. Schmedding & Z. men, coffee brokers, Amsterdam Printed and published by J. H. de Bussy, Amsterdam. The statistics are brought up to December 31 last, Idank spaces being left in the tables for further returns up to the close of 1995. A very useful compilation.

BUSINESS NOTES

—It is stated that old accounts of the Lloyd Brazileira amounting to nearly 500,000\$ will be paid this mouth by the government.

—At the Janta Commercial in S. Paulo there were registered last month 35 partnership contracts. The capital of the respective firms aggregated 3.195.7295762.

-A telegram of the roth inst. says that in state of Parahyba a fine of 100,000\$ lass a imposed on some of the factories. The ise of this heavy fine is not stated.

The wages aremust of the national printing office amounted hast mouth to 66,2005466. It would doubtless have been considerabless, if the national printing office did les deadhead work for government parasites.

—We regret to note the death, on 15th February, af Mr. John Lilly, Manchester, Buzilian vice-consul in that city, who had for many years been intimately connected with Brazilian trade. He was chief of the house of John Lilly & Sons, of Manchester, and was in bis 73rd year.

—The strike at the Carioca mills has continued. Some disturbances have occurred and several strikers and policemen have been wounded. There is much complaint against the arbitrary and brutal methods employed by the police in searching the houses of operatives for dynamic bombs. for dynamite hombs.

—The Centro Conuncrial of Rio de Janeiro and the Associação Commercial of Bahia are endeavoring to induce the minister of figures to take steps for refleving business men from the annoyances and losses to which they are present subjected in the execution of the consular invoice regulations.

coisillar invoice regulations.

—We are alvised that a telegram from the Loudon office states that at the general meeting of shareholders of the British Bank of South America on the 28th into, the directors will propose the distribution of a thirdend of 61- as there, making, with the interim thirdend of 61- paid in September last, a total of 8 per cent for the whole year. The sum of £ 1,4,000 will also be earried forward to new profit and loss account. The parument of the proposed dividend will commence on the 29th inst.

dend will commence on the 29th inst.

—At a meeting of shareholders of the Banco Commercial da Bahin on the 15th inst, a stormy time occurred and the shareholders voted not to pass the report and accounts, to demand the resignation of the directors of and to prosecute them in case they are found to be responsible for the recent suspension of payments. On the following day an adjourned meeting not only confirmed this action, but elected new directors and auditors, the people of Bahia seem to be of different stuff than their Rio brethren, who not only submit to everything, but even continue their old boards in office.

—Remember that you must collect this month your account against the government, if you do not wish it to full into arrears.

monnt your account against the government, if you do not wish it to full into arrears.

—Our friends of the South American fournal are practical printers and they will know how to interpret these facts. Lately, one of the oldest and largest printing-offices in this capital, which has plenty of capital and a large stationery business with various government offices, has reflaced its operations to four days a week, after having dismissed a considerable number of men. Across the street from us, another printing-oilice, which has the protection of the state government of Rio de Janeiro, has keen running only four days a week. Several printing only four days a week. Several printing and littlographing establishments, operating with small capital, have been obliged to close altogether within the last few months. Two of them are now advertised to ke sull it a naction. Other printing their business, and sell only for cash across the counter. We ask our contemporary if this indicates returning prosperity.

—I had the startling good fortune the other have somethed femiliar or the startling good fortune the other have somethed femiliar or the startling good fortune the other have somethed femiliar or the startling good fortune the other have somethed femiliar or the startling good fortune the other have somethed femiliar or the startling good fortune the other have somethed femiliar or the startling good fortune the other have somethed femiliar or the startling good fortune the other have somethed femiliar or the startling good fortune the other have somethed femiliar or the startling good fortune the other have somethed femiliar or the startling good fortune the other have somethed femiliar or the startling good fortune the other have somethed femiliar or the startling good fortune the other have somethed femiliar or the startling good fortune the other have somethed femiliar or the startling good fortune the other have somethed femiliar or the startling good fortune the other have somethed femiliar or the startling good

ing their business, and sell only for cash across the counter. We ask our contemporary if this indicates returning prosperity.

—If hail the startling good fortune the other lays, remarked Smalwyt, as he pulled himself up on our exchange table, sof receiving a bank cheque by registered letter. It was in a long official-looking envelope, with sealing wax at both ends, so that it could not easily be opened. Of course this excited the curissity and cupidity of the 'searchers' at the post-affice—the half dozen fellows who spend all their time opening and pecaping into letters and packages—and I was accordingly summoned to appear before that high tribunal and open the letter in their angust presence between the hours of it a m, and 2 pm. Well. I went around to render my humble sahmissian. I wanted the maney of course, as my landlord was she far the second time and the outlook was becoming just a little overeast. But I felt sure the remitance was all right, so I was not much disturbed. On entering the sarced precinct, there was no one near to attend to me, so I waited some ten minutes, and annused myself watching the searchers, if people who register letters could see how suspicinally they are treated, they would never register one again, for the precunition only serves to snipice them to all kinds of impection. Well, in time the clerk came who wanted my scalp. He invited me to first pass a receipt far the letter, and then he invited me to open the suspected missive. I full so, removed the documents, opened them and showed him a cheque filled out in my name. Three of the four 'searchers' had gathered around the see the money drop out, for they are interested in a percentage of the 25 per rent fine. 'Vanimatica, sviid I, smiling upon the discombited official. 'Estd-durath,' replied les turning many, while the 'searchers' looked as though they had again lost the sor grande.' I put the cheque in my pocket and came away, wondering how a people with any spirit at all could submit to such treatment.

THE NEW GAS COMPANY

The Brussels correspondent of the Financial cass (Feb. 16) writes under date of February as follows:

4.4 as follows:

A scheme has been set on foot to reconstruct
the Rin de Janeiro Gas Company—or, rather,
to supply to that concern the necessary funds
to enable it to complete its gas instalation, to
which a new cleetric plant is to be added.
Altogether, a fresh capital of 50,00,000f, is
wanted, which amount, however, may eventually be increased, with the development of
the cuncern in the course of its forty-five
years thration nuless the concessions are redeemed in 1015.

years direction unless the concessions are re-deemed in 1915.
The following programme will shortly he submitted to the shareholders, and will im-meliately be carried out if the negotiations with the Bradilian government, in view of the transferring of the concessions to a new company, should lead to a favorable result in this case a new company is to be formed, with a capital of 15,000,000 f., to which all the concessions now belonging to the Rio Gas Company, its works and plants, are to be transferred. In exchange the present company the concessions, and plants, are to he transferred. In exchange the present company will receive, as long as the concession lasts, a share calculated on the following hasis:—In the first place, from the net profits of the enterprise there are to be deducted the necessary sums for interest payments and for relemption of the loans which the new company will have to raise for fresh requirements. There will also be deducted an amount equal to that representing annual interest at the rate of 6 per cent., and in the annual instalment of an amortisation fund of 15,000,000f, will a premium of 20 per cent., and any other supplementary capital created in the course of the concession. Out of the balance the old Rio Gas Company will receive 75 per cent. as long as the capital is 15,000,000f, and from the following amounts, up to 40,000,000f. In the latter eventuality the company will benefit by so per cent. which will remain invariable, even if the capital of the new company is again increased.

According to the Moniteur. 2 group of Relgian banks and continental companies have declared their willingness to carry through the operation. The syndicate includes the Société Generale of Relgiam. the Banque of Paris, the General Gas Company of Prance and Abroad, and others. Although the syndicate will undertake to find the total amount of 15,000,000f., the present Rio Gas Company has an option in this operation up to 40 per cent.

FINANCIAL NOTES

— A report is current that Dr. José Carlos Rodrigues is about to leave for Europe on a new official mission — the unification of the public debt.

— The receipts of the Manáos custom-house amounted last mouth to 547.6565;131 against 698,5045916 in February, 1900. The decrease was 150,848\$485.

-Our friends in London can now see them Selves how accurately President Campos Salles predicted the revenue receipts for 1900. Some of these days they will perhaps learn that it is not always safe to rely upon the optimistic promises of officials.

It seems to unmecessary to attempt to analyse the confused and scarcely intelligible statement with which the Noticia endeavors to prove that the accounts of public revenue and expenditure for the year 1900 close with a surplus of 76,901,935. We wait a clearer and more tangible statement.

-To Minister Martinlio, who is consumed by a burning desire for burning, we recommend the counterfeit money that now circulates so abundantly. If he will burn a few thousand contos of this money, he will not only anuse himself, but also render a valuable service to the public, thus advantageously combining business with pleasure.

—A telegram of the rath inst, says that the revenue of the state of Pernambuco amounted last year to 12,578, 29,48155 and the expentition to 12,439,3027678. In the first half of the present year the receipts amounted to 3,465,432827,3 and the disbursements to 2,745,942-865. The funded delt is 23,560,4798965, and the floating delt 805,8898495.

amil the floating deht 805,8898495.

— The returns of gold customs receipts for Pebruary are still more unfavorable than those for january. At all the enstom-houses except Paranagua and Corumha, from which returns have not yet heen received, they amounted last mouth to 2,987,955,82, against 2,949,642566 in January at the same custom-houses. At Paranagua and Corumba they amounted in january to 20,8835,168. At this rate the total gold receipts of all the enstom-houses this year will not exceed 32,000,005, or 13,150,0005 less than the budget estimate of 45,460,0005. In view, however, of the commercial and financial condition of the country, it is probable that they will be constituted by less than 32,000,0008,

REFENUE FOR 1900.

In our issue of the 5th alt, we published returns showing the receipts of the general revenue office, custom houses and Central railway for the year 1990 in comparison with those for 1899. Returns, multished in the Noticia, which, though not definite, are, we presume, approximately correct, enable us to add to those figures the receipts of the post-office and telegraphs. The result is as follows:

7,691,528\$300 6,112,000\$000 Ceipts..... Telegraphreceipts
Currency receipts of general revenue office.custom-10,257,674\$000 7,992,000\$300 Central ra ilway 256,958,403\$000 218,874.456\$000 Total otal ascer-tained cur-Taller Carrello Carre

ed gold

venne.... 293,785,122\$040 256,264.797\$000

venue.... 203.785.122500 256.261.7975000
These figures show an increase of 4.379-1245 in the gold revenue, and a decrease of 4.1000.4495 in the currency revenue, equivalent at the present gold value of currency, to a net decrease of nearly 14,000.0005 gold in the revenue of the country. In view of the shrinkage, thus shown, in the principal sources of public revenue it is not difficult to account for the government's frantic anxiety to obtain ready money at any cost from the Banco da Republica.

A LADY—possibly a dean's wife—had two parrots, one kept in the lady's apartments, the other in the kitchen. The laily had taught the parlor parrot to say the responses when she herself said the Litany. One day, the parrot refused to inter a word in the presence of some callers, to whom its mistress wished to exhibit its accomplishment. A servant suggested that if the kitchen parrot was brought and placed by the side of the other, the birds would talk. The kitchen parrot, on being brought, at once rapped out. "I wish the devil had our missis!" to which the other parrot devolt had our missis! "to which the other parrot devolt y responded, "We beseech Thee to hear us. Good Lord!"

THE RIO NEWS Daily receipts and shipments of coffee at Rio de Janeiro COMMERCIAL. Receipts bags Shipments U. States. Barope... Total shipments... bags Stock cond. No. 7, N. V. per arrolal... Ave age quot. No. 7, N. V. per arrolal... Do do No. 8 Exchange on London... Stock of Salve, spot quot. No. 5 Exchange of London... Seamer freight, 5% primage Receipts at faints... Barolings... Stock at Santos... Barolings... Rio de Janeiro, March 19th, 1901. of the Brazilian milreis (1\$000), gold. 27 d. do of the Brazilian milreis (15000) in U. S. coin at \$4,86,65 ptc \$6 \$1,00 (U. S. coin) Brazilian gold. 1827 do of \$6 istg. in Brazilian gold. 8 590 ENGAGEMENTS. Bank rate of exchange, official, on London to-day. Present value of the Brazilian mil reis (gold). Present value of the Brazilian mil reis 25310 306 77 11.194 3.541 1.397 1.454 6.392 311.539 81600 84,000 7 1/2 c. 11 13164 50 c. 23,589 ### EXCHANGE. Mar. 17.—To-day's market was firm. The reported transactions were regular. Official quotations on London were: Bank bills... opening 11 28/32-11 18/16 private bills... opening 11 28/11 78 Private bills... opening 11 28/16-11 29/32 Official value of the militeis 425—438 reis gold. Mar. 12.—The market finenated greatly thing the Br bg John Roberts, to load salted hides her the Channel to order, at 35 shillings and 5 $^{\circ}lo$ pri per ton of 2,240 pounds. Vessels Atlant & Chartered for Ric 2,538 2,538 100 2,709 2,909 2,909 2,909 2,909 2,909 2,909 2,909 3,90,30 3,90,30 Vessels Atom & Ch Dotte Eage Wing Flord. Glad Diding Good Veny. Josephine Jo 11,409 250 250 11,909 11,909 8.343 8,698 15 ... 325 9.038. 320,148 18. Magdaleun Sontha'nton terk C. J. Cazaly 11. La Plutta Bordentux 18 dx. 8. Montonx 11. Climorven Hamburg 37 dx. Order 11 Rohand Lavernoon 12. Clivernool 20 dx. 11. Rohand Lavernool 20 dx. 12. Clivernool 20 dx. 12. Cli Mar. 14.—The finctuations in the market have continued. The movement was regular, but purely speculative. Mar. 14.—The incinations in the market have continued. The incevenient was regular, but purely special and the state of th 145-308 108,276 8,512 ... 3,436 3,965 124,189 ### Flonr. The arrivals were 3,000 barrels by the Color dee from New York and 3,000 bags by the Lead and 61 to 100 keeps to 100 keeps the Wister Plate. The market is steady una prices are nuchanged as shewn below; Triest 100 keeps 100 1 Magdalena 1 Handel 2 Drissa 2 La Plata 3 Atlantique 3 Roland 4 Yorkshire 4 Satullo 4 Clemmorveu 5 Les Alpes 6 Riemania 6 Hampstead 6 Canova Local Mills... 25 500-27 500 Codish... The Ragana brought 1.0% this and 500 cases, and the Colerador 1.00 this from New York, the Ragana to Seases from Livergoot, the Let Hat 4.5 from Bortleaux, the Ragana Arres 1.184 mill the Gramorive go Both From Usambing. Buckers quote From 18000 to 50500 per tult, 57500 for C.R. C. and \$8500 to 50500 per tult, 57500 for C.R. C. and \$8500 to 50500 per tult, 57500 for C.R. C. and \$8500 to 1000 and 12 cases ex Colorador, and 2,000 links ex Rogana from New York. The wholesale pilee is 500 rels per pund. MARKET REPORT. Rio de Janeiro, 19th March, 1901. Rio ae Janeto, rgin ndaveh, rgot. Expurer. Coffee.—There was a little more animation in the market last week, the reported sales aggregating 55 oco lags against 4,6000 bags in the preceding week. Prices show a decline of 300 rels during the week, under the infinence of unlaworable advices from absence the infinence of unlaworable advices from the chipments 4,500 bags. Vesterfaby the unrived was dull and undeeded, with limited sales on Saturday's quotations. *Calling at intermediate ports and attacked with a more seaso of Saurray's Porreign advices teport the following sales for the week. New York 157,000 bags, Havre 145,000, Hamburg 101,000, London 77,000-1601 styr.co bings, against 244,000 in the corresponding week of last year and 850,000 bags in the preceding week. The detailed movements of the market during the week were as tollows: Foreign sailing vessels in the port Rio de Janeiro, March 17th, 1901. Ruling prices during the week for N. Y. Type No. 7 at Rio, and for Good Average at Santos, with dally reported sales at the former market, American bk. Amy...... bk. Frances..... bk. Baltimore... Rio N. 7 Reported Santos, Good sales Average per 10 kilos per arroba British Per 10 At 1 . \$\frac{8}{4} \cop \cdot \frac{8}{5} \cop \cdot bk. Auriga ... 887 Feb 3 Pensacola. To orde bk. Conductor... 1663 bk. Gazelle ... 999 sc. Glenrosa... 437 bk. Alkaline... 626 Feb.27 Fer'audina To orde Sales of Stocks and Shures. Makett 11. Apolices, 58 do 1505f at rate of ... (Feg.) ... do 67 Sept. ... do 67 Sept. ... 16. 5 200—8 3500 6 cco ... 4 3500 4 500 1 he shipments since our fast report have been 38,759 bags for the United States Europe ... Cape of Good Hope 1,554 ... Kiver Plate, etc. Coactwise Argentine bk.Mo-esB.Twer 599 Sept30 Rosario... To orde SHIPPING NEWS. Stocks and Share The following ships sailed with coffee last week: DEPARTURES OF FOREIGN VESSELS. MARCH 11. CHANNEL.—Br. bk. Mary Clauseu; 182 tons; Lloyd, salted hides, MARCH. 17. MARCH. 17. CHANNEL BR. bg. John Roberts; 197 tons; Davies; salted hides. FREIGHTS. NEW YORK.—50 cents and 5 % primage per bag of collec.

New Oaleans.—25 cents and 5 $^{o}l_{o}$ primage per bag of coffee.

Of Conce.

Antwerp.
BREMEN.
ROTTERDAN | 1-35 shillings and 5 % primage per ton of 1,000 kilos.
LIVERYOOL.

COPENHAGEN.—37 shillings, 6d. and 5 % primage per ton of 1,000 kilos.

ton of 1,000 kilos.

-40 francs and 10 % primage per
MARRILLES. {
ton of 1,000 kilos,
BORDEAUX.—40 francs and 10 % primage per ton
of 900 kilos,

HAVRE.—30 francs and to of primage per ton of 900 kilos.

15 Northern points set. January week were 67,325 bags not 63,695 bags for the previous week and 50,763 for the week before.

Special quotations, according to New-York types the following:

No. 6... \$1500 of 100
7... \$ 300 \$ 800
5... \$ 100 \$ 8 500
9... \$ 100 \$ 8 500
The stock was estimated this morning at 328,127
bags according to the fornal do Commercio, and 27,750 bags according to one of our prominent brokers. The Santos stock is reported at 1,155,530 bags | P. ELIZABETH. | Ton. |

U	NE	W 3)					March	19tn,	1901.
PORT I	NATAL.	- - 57 #l1	illings	6.1 0.1	id 2 ½ % primag	1		TAR. 12,		
DELAG MOSSE	NATAL. (ONDON) OA BAY, EL BAY.	pe	r ton.			3	,	do		745
MONTE B. AIR	EVIDEO. (-	-3f000	per barce	ng of 6	o kilos, and 640 k:los.	00 77 16	7	do 1895		715
						28 21	5	do 2,000s (cert.) iii do 1895		740 840 863
	, A	¢NGA	GES	ENTS		16	; 5 I	nscriptions 3 %		660 67a
RIVER	ERF,-Gerii Plate,-B PlateB EVIDEO EVIDEOBi PLATEF ANTINOPLE	r str.	Magda	iena.	135 bags of coffe 159 do do					
MONTE	EVIDEO.—	r etr	do	oe 1	599 flo do 500 do do 271 flo do	5	5	do 213.700\$ (1eg.) do 200\$ at rate of suprestimo Municipal leb. Sorocubana-ttuana I	at rate o	of 665
RIVER	PLATE F	r. str.	La Pic	alu.,	125 do do	. 4	i i	do 3008 at rate of Suprestino Municipal		600
SALONI	QUE.—It. s	str. II	ashing Les An	rton	125 1lo do 250 do 1lo	100	, (Banks.	K. K	40
NEW Y SOUTH	ique.—It. s filles.—It i fork.—Belg ampton.— raiso.—Br	g, str. Br str	Colern	dge . 22 alena	400 flo flo	100) l	Depositos e Descontos		15800a
VALPA TALCA	raiso.—Be huano.—	. sti.	Oropeso do,		150 do do 50 do do	30	١ ١	tural e Hyppthecario		52 500 55
		CI	LART	TE D	_	1	- A	IAR. I3. Apolice, 5s		748\$000
Br h	g John R				d hides here fo	10 156	,	dododo		755
the Chi per ton	annel to or 1 of 2,240 pc	rder, a muds.	tt 35 ⊳li	ullings	d hides here fo and 5 % primag	or 15 250	2	do at rate	of	700
	_				ed for Rie	51		do 5,000\$ (cerl.) do 1893. ilo (reg.)	ılo .	705 720
Docte				Cardif	f 8 Oc	t. 6		tlo (reg.) do		740
Fjord	Wing idings vervs H. Ingersol ne	******		Carili Baltin	delphia — li — lore —	80 6	5	do 1697		741 742 555
Good N	Vervs H. Ingersol	ii		Baltin	iore —	20	,	do (reg)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	863 865
				New Balling	iore —	. 7	ł	do 1697 do (reg) do do do 1897 do	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	866 805 666
Maria Manrot	Blavquer. via Regent			Cardif	f 000l 18 De	1 3		do (tcg.)		670 665
Prince . Prince	Regent Louis			Glasge	-w	38	1-	do (1cg.), do (1cg.), do 6,200\$ at rate Emprestimo Municipal,.	of	665
	Arriva					130	d	eh, Carris Urbanos (2008)	117
E		-				-		Banks,		
DATE	NAME		FROM		CONFI-NED TO	300 18	3	do		528500 52
Mar.				T)		50	(Jusurano Geral		15\$000
11.7	Magdalena La Plata	South	ia'jitor	1 19ds C	J. Cazaly	48		Tramway.	f.	
21 C	l'morven Roland	Ham	burg 3	7 ds. 0	riler I. Stoltz & Co			ardim Botanico Kullways		
12, C	orissa oleridge	Liver	York	0 ds. V 19 ds. N	i. Stoltz & Co. Vilson Sons & C i. Megaw & Co. razilian Coal C	0. 150 250)	do do		22\$500
12 A	Magdalena La Plata Cl'morven Roland Orissa Coleridge Maritime Atlantique Kingsland Les Andes	River	nt 25 de Plate	4 ils. S	razilian Coal C Montonx	0, 200		Miscellanea	us,	
13.16	tagusa .	River	riog (i Plate York : e 25 d:	8 ds. 0	Anlimes & Co	50		Ielhoramentos no Brazil IAR, 14.		10\$000
14 0	Ragusa Corrientes Corkshire	Valu	Transo :	s. J	Animes & Co. Johnston & Co. Lapert	47	A	polices, 5s		760 \$00 0
16 F	daxman Aires	Mand	thester	33ds. N	Lapert Vilson Sons & Co Megaw & Co Johnston & Co & De Vincenz Megaw & Co	30	•	do 2,200 (cerl.) a	t rate of,	755
16 1	Macritá Torrox	Santo	n 23 d: 08 20 l1:	s. F	. & De Vincenz L. Megnw & Co. L. Johnston & Co. L. Rand & Co.	14 1. 260 20				718
16 8	Chenania Springwell	do	22 h 20 d	s. 19	. Johnston & Co.) 10 10	,	do (reg./		744 742
						= 28	1	do 1897 (reg.)		870 Sp8
,	Осригенте	es o	1 1010	eigu s	teamers.	_ 54	; 1:	do do (reg.)do do do do leo leo do do do leo do		670 66g
DA						9 3	3	do		666
DATA	NAME		'	FUR	CARGO	4	t	do 2,901 (teg.) ni	rate of	663
Mar.						=		do 185,000\$ at rate do 35,000\$ do do 100\$ do		665
11. 7	Magdalena Handel		River	Plate	Sundries, In transit,	81		do 6,000\$ do Imprestimo Municipal		675
121	Handel Orissa La Plata	- 4	Valpa River	raiso* Plate	Sundries,	1.2	2			118
13 2	Atlantique Roland Yorkshire		Borde	auxr	do In transit.	135 140	5	do do (Banks,	reg.I	122
			Liver	∞ol* ő	Sundries, Ballast.	40	. (Commercial		Sofooo
14 C	lenmorve Les Alpes Rhenania	11	Marse	illes*	In transit. Sundries.	176 130	6	dodo		52 500
16 1	Hampstead	i .	Bueno	onrg*	do Ballast, In transit,			Ti a mwa y	5.	
16 6	Canova Coleridge		do New	York*	do Sundries.	4,52 50	2 J	[ardim Botanico 5. Christovão		150≸066
						500	, 1	Railways		S\$000
*Cr	ılling at ir ——	iterin	ediate	ports		500 902	0	do do		7 500
					the port of	100	o (Miscellauer Centros Pastoris	ms.	8\$000
		1 1	-			- 10		MAR, 15.		754\$000
24	AME	TONS	ARRIVED	FROD	CONTIENES	s 5	5	do (2005) at rafe	of	754\$000 720 732
A17		F	AR			20 25	o 5	do		724
دام	mer ica n					52	2	do (1eg.)		740
bk. An	ny	665	Feb. 8 Mar.	Baltim	ore. Levering&	C. 15	4 1	do 1897 (reg.) Inscriptions 3 % treg.l. do 500% at rate of	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	868 665
bk. Ba	dtimore	670	481	Baltim	ore N. Meg. Co ore J. Moore C	0. 2		du	of	670
	British					40 30	0	Emprestimo Municipa), do do (reg.)	120
bk. Co	uriga onductor	887 I	Feb 3	Pensac Bruns	ola. To order, wick To order, salt To order,	195 17	5 7 (do do leb. Sorocabana-Ituana l	R. R	120
sc. Gle	ızelle enrosa kaline	452	14	Rosark	nalı To order. D., To order. dina To order.	85		" Carris Urbanos (200 Hanks,		
	gentine	5,40	. cn.2,	er an	o.na roofder.	145	0 6	Commercial		80 \$ 000
	sesB.Twer	599	Septao	Rosari	To order.			Cattou mi	Ils.	
		1 111			1	- 51	1 4	Alliança Tramica) S.	160\$000
-	TOCK	ζS.	ANI	DS	HARES	20 250		do		95 \$ 000
					hares.	- "		Kailway		
	March 11.							f. F. Sapucalty do		75000 7 250
31 A	polices, 58	,,,,,				70		Mar 16. Apolices, 58		
1 3						99	2	do	••••••••••	761
15 30	do do do	(reg.)		715 735 830	105	27	do 1895		724
4 22 24	do do			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	840	14	5	do (reg.I do	*** *******	742
	do Inscription do					54 9 55	9	do 1897		745
33	do				667	12 21	2 .	Inscriptions 3 %		668
17	do do do				665 680	3 2	3 2	do		65o
1 12	do do	(reg.)	of.	682 665 665	16	6	do		682
15 815	Emprestim do	o Mu de	merpa		115	1.		do 1,500\$ (reg.) a do 1,200\$ at rate	t rate of of	660 675
165	do do	de	0 .		116	500 65		Emprestimo Municipal. Banks.		120
10 25	do deb. Carria	d Trba	0 .	n(1)	118	100	8	Commercial		52
14	" do " " Melhors	† 8 113 €11 (os de :	i. Paulo	150	280	0	Rural e Hypothecario (:	auds.)	52
	Commercia		Bank	5.		190		Jardim Botanico		
4	Kepublica	*****		******	52		00	S. Christovão		100
200	Melhorame		iscellar no Bra:	zil	10\$	1500	00	V. F. Sapucahy	· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	78500
100	do do		do do		9	250 750 700	10	Melhoramêntos no Brazi		10\$00

SATURDAY'S QUOTATIONS-S, FAULO

Sittle territoria Control territoria		
	sellers.	busers
Banco Commercio e Industria	340 000	300500 C
Constructor e Agricola	VII	
Credito Real da Carteira H .	50 000	55 000
1,avradores	and the same of th	110 500
Mercantil de Santos		1
S. Panlo	120 090	110 000
Pilouirão Preto		Acres alles
" Uniño de S. Cartos (atl paid).	240 000	215 000
do da (20 %)	110 000	90 000
Huido de S. Panto ratt midt	45 003	5 000
Santus		,
Cla Agua e Lua		-
Automatica		230 0164
Armor Poulists		6 000
Malarit Danifictions		Trans and
Carro Curvil Sto. Amero	-	
Can de S. Paulo		
Tinto Paulicia		25 000
Lateron		
Machanica	1,50 000	116 000
Mathoramentos de Brotas	120 000	85 000
Morgana salt paids	216 003	212 D00
idom tot so done)	220 OJO	2 3 000
Paulista	211 000	205 000
idem (st 30 days)	211 000	2112 000
Progredior	211 000	35 000
rragredior,		17 000
Stupakoff		80 000
Telephonica	10 000	26 600
Uniko Sportiva	5 000	500
" Vinção Pantista	5 656	5000



BRITISH CONSULATE GENERAL

RIO DE JANEIRO

In view of the National Census to be taken on the an view of the sandoma consist of me tagen of the gred March, instant, it is requested that particulars of all Burrish Scupicits resident in this district be registered at this Consultate General on that date or as near thereto as possible

C. B. RHIND.

Acting Consul General

MILNER'S SAFES

The best thief and fire-resisting safes extant.

A large assortment always on hand

Apply to

T. B. J. Hooleen & Co.

RUA VISCONDE D'INHAUMA No. 16.

For Sale.

Missing Friends.

mation is desired at the British Consulate ir to the inherenbouts of Alamheam Weinstein address was given as at Kna Senhor dos Passos

Hotels.

Hotel dos Estrangeiros

PRAÇA JOSE'- D'ALENGAR No. 1

Cattoto

telejárene No. 40:

shower and warm buttle, of closets, drinking water fit good table-service, and is, the first hotel of this cavita Possesses, also a smuth

table service for banquets.

Its restaurant and service cannot be excelled.

FREITAS HOTEL 120. Rua do Riachuelo

CANADIAN CLUB WHISKY

(FINEST AMURICAN BRAND)

Lawson's Liqueur Whisky

sold by XERRENNER, BÜLOW & Co.

SAO PAULO:-Rua de São Bento 81. SANTOS:-Largo Monte Alegre 10.

S. Paulo

"CASA AMERICANA"

School Furniture and supplies,

American Cook Stoves' for coal and wood Oil Stores, for cooking and heating American and English Novels.

Fine Writing Paper and Envelopes, Cuticura Soap, Heinz' Pickles

Libby's Canned Meats. Park Davis' medicine,

Cameras (Premo), Church Organs,
Dixon's Plumbago for foundries Parker's Fountain Pens.

Stafford's Ink, and

American notions.

A. R. DUNLOP & Co. 41 A, RUA DIREITA, 41 A

SÃO PAULO.

LION & CO.

HE SAO PAULO

Bar Iron, Iron Sheets. Wrought Iron Tubes.

Portland Cement.

Lubricating Oils, Plows and Agricultural

Implements

Sanitary goods.

Sole agents for the State of São Paulo "COLUMBIA" Bicycles Pope Manufacturing Co., Hartford, U.S. A

Representatives for the States of São Paulo, Minas & Rio de Janeiro "POTASSIUM SYNDIJATE" Stassfurt, Prussia.

LION & Co.



N.B.-ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

COMMERCIAL PRINTING

OF EVERY KIND AND DESCRIPTION AT No. 79, Sete de Setembro ıst floor.

TWO GAS ENGINES

One of 2 horse-power and the other of 6 horse power both used, and both of the Korting system, will be sold cheap for cash. Inquire at this office.

BUILT UP ON NATURE'S PLAN.

RESEMBLES MOTHER'S MILK IN COMPOSITION AND PROPERTIES, IT MAY BE GIVEN FROM BIRTH.

MELLIN'S FODD is of the highest value for the weak and sickly babe, as well as for the strong and vigorous.

MELLIN'S FOOD is adapted for use in all Climates, and for Infants of all races, and may be obtained of all Dealers throughout the World

MELLIN'S FOOD WORKS, PECKHAM, LONDON, ENG.

Agents: Messrs. CRASHLEY & Co.

36, RUA DO OUVIDOR, RIO DE JANEIRO

_OS_ST. CHA

One of the nicest dinner clarets that comes into the Rio market.

A good wine at a moderate price.

To be obtained at

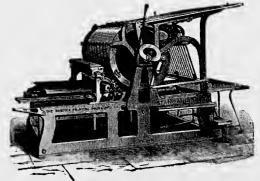
CRASHLEY'S

Ruado Ouvidor N. 36

THE BEST AND MOST CONVENIENT PRESSES

are those manufactured by the

Babcock Printing Press Manufacturing Co.



For information and partioulars apply at this office

No. 79 Rua Sete de Setembro

Shipping.

Geo, R. Penton.

Frank H. Norton

ESTABLISHED 1865. THOMAS NORTON & CO.

Ship Brokers and Commission Merchants. Old regular Line Sailing Packets to RIO DE JANEIRO & SANTOS.

68. Broad Street.

NEW YOAK

Steamships.

N ORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD,

Capital. . 80,000,000 Marks.

NEXT DEPARTURES

Dat	e	Steamer	Destination		
190	1				
Mar.	-	Roland .	Bahin, Antwerp, Bremen.		
Apr.	12	Heidel- berg	Bahia, Antwerp, Bremen,	Rotterdam an	d
,,	26	Trier	Bahia, Antwerp r	nd Bremen.	

HERM. STOLIZ & Co., Agents, Rua da Alfandega, No. 63

ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY.

Under contracts with the British and Bruzilian Governments for carrying the mails.

 $TABLE \ \ OF \ \ DEFARTURES.$ 1901

Date	Steamer	Destination			
Mar 25	Magda- lena	Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon, Vigo, Cherbourg and Southampton.			
Apr. 3	Clyile	Montevideo and Buenos Aires.			
,, 3	Danube	Bahin, Pernambuco, Lishon, Vigo, Cherboni g and Sonthampton.			

Insurance on freight shipped on these steamers can be taken out at the Agency. For freight, passages and other information apply at No. 2, Kna General Camara, 1st floor.

C. J. Cazaly, Superintendent.

IVERPOOL BRAZIL AND RIVER PLATE STEAMERS.

LAMPORT & HOLT LINE

PASSENGER	SERVICE	FOR	NEW	YORK
"Wordswort	:h''	17	th April	
"Hevelius"		2	nd May	
"Coleridge"			7th	

The steamer

"Buffon"

New York

calling at

Taking 1st and 3rd class Bahia and Pernambuco
passengers for above ports and Barbados.

Surgeon and Stewardess carried.

The voyage is much quicker than by way of England and without the inconvenience of transfer, Weekly cargo steamers for NEW YORK.

For freight apply to the Broker Wm. R. McNiven,

60, Rua t.º de Março

For passages and further information apply to the

Agents: NORION, MEGAW & Co. Ld. 58, Rua 1º de Março

PACIFIC STEAM
NAVIGATION COMPANY ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

DEPARTURES for LIVERPOOL.

Iberia	
Liguria	
These popular steamers are fitted wi light and all modern conveniences. Quis order.	th the electric sine of highest

For freights apply to F. D. Machado.

No. 4, Rua S. Pedro

and for passages and other information to Wilson Sona & Co., L'd., Agenta,

No. 2, Rus São Pedro



MAGALHAES & Co.

CAPITAL Rs. 200,000\$000,

Stevedores, established for many years in the city of Rio de Janeiro, with offices at

No. 82 RUA DA SAUDE,

undertake the leading and discharge of steamers and sailing vessels, having at their disposal lighters sait able for the transportation of cargoes, hoats, steam launches and skilled employés.

THE PRONE No. 313.

SEA SICKNESS

26 cases were treated on board's s "Olinda" by Dr. Ernant Pinto with Tinture of Netandra and of these, 22 cases were completely cured, and the remaining four became much better.

The illustrious naval surgeon Dr. Henrique Mangeon says that "during voyages on the control of Nectandra Amura of Mr. Antered Leivas against sea suckness and always with excellent results.

Numbarless testimonials of ravellers justice.

Numberless testimonials of travellers jus-tify the results obtained by these distin-guished physicians, with the Tinture and pills of the Nectandra Anna against sea-sickness.

sickness.
In order to facilitate the use of this mea-cine a propectus accompanies each bottle written in the Portuguese, English and French languages.

French languages.

N, B. The Necembra Amara pills are for utilisted with the same closes of the Nemberds, in order that they may be sent ty cost all over the world with the least prostable delay to supply the want of the White Elixir and Triture of Nechandra Amara, which are figuld and cannot, therefore, by ransported by the same rapid and sometile.

ments.

For set suckness, marker in pregnancy inpoverishment of blood, weak-ness of lite-legs and convalescency siter long and simulations illness, the pills should be admitted to the pills should be a present of the pills should be a present of the pills should be a present of the pills and in this case they can be added by pills, and in this case they can be asyved in pure water if no wine is to be a present of the pills of the

nad.

Persons who have no connections her and who may decire to have these mouseful pills can obtain them by applying direction the propriets who undertakes in remin orders by registered post to any part of Brazil, or abroad for the small sum to 2500 per box, 14500 for 5 and 28500 to 12 boxes.

ADDRESS: Joaquim Bueno de Miranda

RUA LARGA DE S. JOAQUIM, N. 213 A

Rio de Janeiro.

BRAZII

LEA & PERRI

Messrs. LEA & PERRINS beg to announce that, to further safeguard the public against imitations of their world-renowned

Original Worcestershire Sauce,

they are now printing their Signature, in white, diagonally across the upper part of the red label on each bottle. Anyone copying the same will be at once proceeded against

WORCESTERSHIRE

The Original and Genuine.

The Disty Medicine of the kind awarded a

DK TRADE MARK.

HAS THE LARGEST SALE C
Fer forty years has maintoniced its
world-wide reputation as the Best and
only safe reliable Prosphoric Gure for
BMAIN WESCHAGE, PARALYMIS, SHEPPLESSNISS, Dyspopala, Nerves, Kidney and Liver
Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premutate
Decay of Vind Power, General Debility, all
Blood Disorders, and all Functional and
Diseased Conditions of the Sweten. Caused Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debitity and its Ludred Evils is immediate and personnel, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above

increase of Nerve and Intellectual Fower, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Inviter-ted. The Appette increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Byes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Benare of vite Imitations!—None gernine without the British Government Stamp with "Dr. Lulor's Phosphodyne, London, England," enga wed thereon, by order of her Majesty's Honourable Commissioners.

of her Majesty's Honourable Commissioners.

Thousands of mimpeachable testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoic Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

Sold in Buttles at As. Co. And 11s. each, by all Chemists throughout the World. MANUFACTURED ONLY AT DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE LABORATORY, HAMPSTBAD LONDON, ENGLAND.

DRINK

Sanderson's Whisky

NOTHING MORE!!

Companhia Nacional de Navegação Costeira.

Weekly Pussenger service between Rio de The Stemmer Janeiro and Porto Alegre, calling at Paranaguá, Desterro, Rio Grande and Pelotas.

Sailings every Saturday at 4 p. m. inva-

The Steamer

ITAPERUNA

will sail for

PARANAGUA',
DESTERRO, RIO GRANDE, PELOTAS
and PORTO ALEGRE,

Saturday 23rd inst.

Freight and parcels received through the Trapiche Silvino.

ITABIRA

will sail for

BAHIA and PERNAMBUCO

on the 21st inst.

Cargo and parcels received at the Trapiche Silvino.

Freight and parcels will be received only on board or at the Trapiche Valuables at the office, on the day of sailing, till 2 p. m. until the diay before sailing of the steamer.

For passages and information apply to the office of

LAGE IRMÃOS, Rua do Hospicio, 9.



LUBRICATING OILS

for Cylinders, Valves, Locamotives, Looms, Spindles, Coffee and Sugar machinery, Dynamos, and all classes of Machinery.
Every Tin and case, in addition to the registered trade mark Valvoline, burs the name of the unders.

LEONARD & ELLIS, New York.

KING, FERREIRA & Co.

11, RUA 1.º DE MARÇO, Rio de Janeiro.

11. RUA DA QUITANDA, São Paulo,

THE RIO NEWS.

THE KIO NEWS.

This paper is now in its 27th year liaving originally been published as The South American Mail and The British and American Mail. It assumed its present little at the beginning of April, 1879, when it was published three times a month. From a tri-monthly it has been changed to a weekly publication, and from four pages it has been increased to twelve.

As an advertising medium This News occupies an exceptionally advantageous position. It circulates avidely throughout Brazil, and also in Burope and the United States. Its subscribers are principally businessemen increested in Brazilian trade, industries and in restments. No other periodical, even with much larger circulation, can offer better inducements to advectisers who seek the attention of these classes.

All communications should be addressed to the Editor and Publisher, Caisa do Correio, 258, Rio de Janeiro.